

## Securing medication circuit in oncology pediatry units in French speaking Africa. MAEva pilot program results.

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### INTRODUCTION

Securing the drug circuit is a key point in the care of children with cancer. A failure in the circuit, whether it occurs at the medical (prescription), pharmaceutical (dispensing) or nursing (administration) stage, can result in serious damage for children but also additional costs for families (prolonged hospitalizations) or society (loss of rare resources such as medicines). We developed, supported by the **PRPH3** (Projet Réseaux et Partenariats Hospitaliers), a pilot study in Côte d'Ivoire in order to secure it.

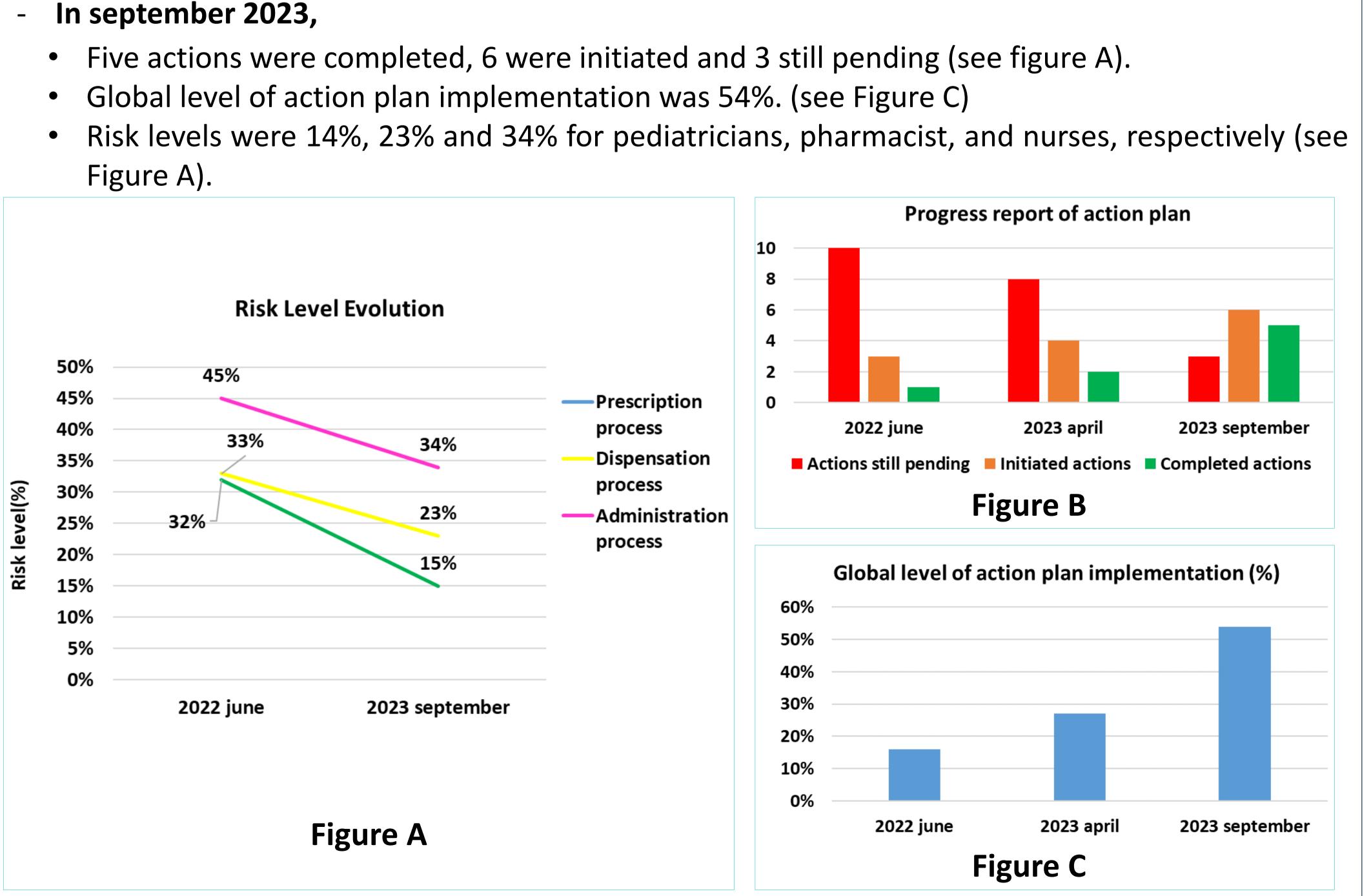
#### RESULTS

Two pediatricians, 1 pharmacist and 2 nurses were questioned.

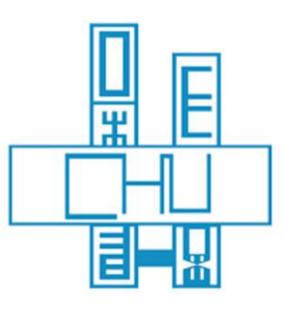
#### In june 2022,

- Risk levels were 32%, 33% and 42% for pediatricians, pharmacist and nurses, respectively (see Figure A).
- A 13 actions plan was built (see Figure B).

- Figure A).



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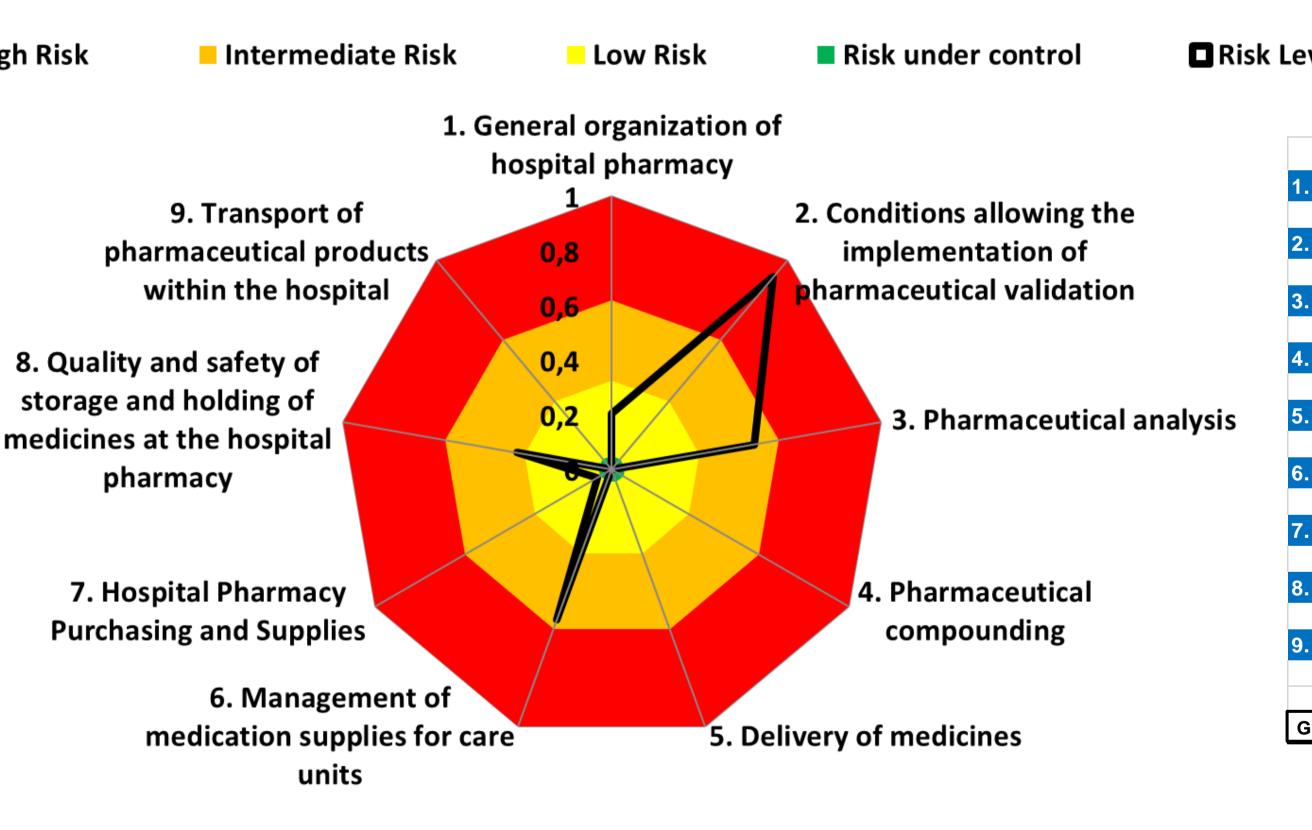
A multidisciplinary team was built to adapt to the African context a previously created tool (1). This new tool, so called MAEva (Medication Africa Evaluation), consists in 3 questionnaires. These ones allow to define, through basic questions to care professionals (dichotomic answers yes/no) a global risk level expressed in percentage for each sub-level of medication process (prescription, dispensing and administration). A sample of audit result is shown below A baseline evaluation was done in june2022 and, according to results, an action plan was built. In september 2023, a second evaluation was done. Level of risks, number of actions completed and percentage of completion of action plan were used to evaluate MAEva use impact.

High Risk

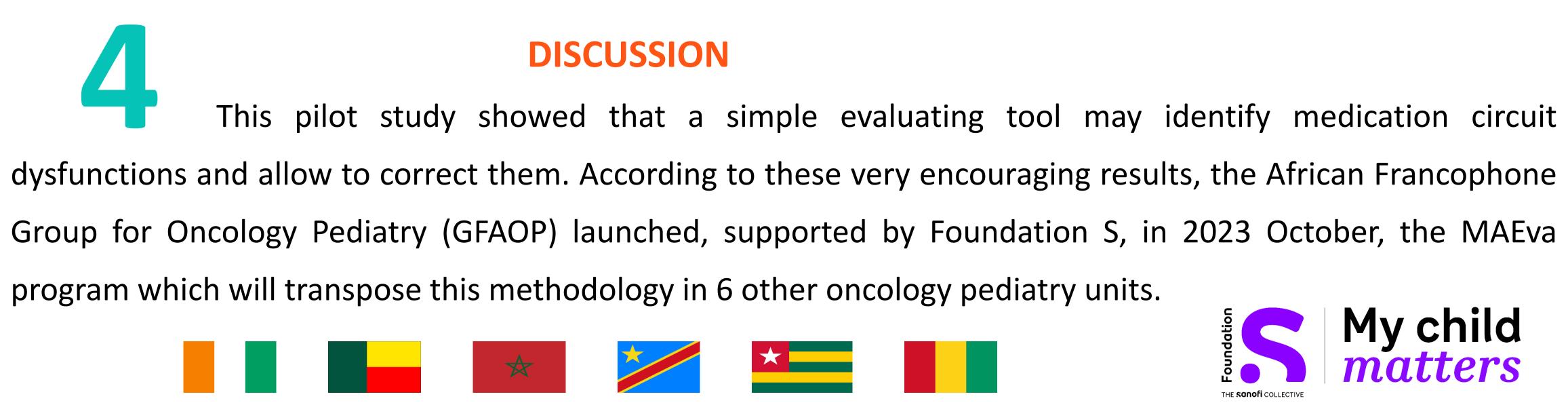
REFERENCES



#### METHODS



Sample of audit result – Pharmacist /dispensation process evaluation, June 2022



(1) Bessone et al. mediEVAL: a new evaluating tool for the medication-use system, Therapie 2014.

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	Risk level
Seneral organization of hospital pharmacy	20%
Conditions allowing the implementation of pharmaceutical	92%
Pharmaceutical analysis	53%
Pharmaceutical compounding	Not applicable
Delivery of medicines	0%
lanagement of medication supplies for care units	59%
lospital Pharmacy Purchasing and Supplies	6%
Quality and safety of storage and holding of medicines at the	35%
Fransport of pharmaceutical products within the hospital	0%
obal Percentage of Risk on dispensing process	33%

